

# OUTBREAK STATUS REPORT

Middlesex-London Health Unit  
*Last Updated: April 4, 2020 5:33 PM*

## Active

Premise	Type of Outbreak	Date Declared	Affected Area(s)	Date Resolved	Pathogen 1	Pathogen 2	Pathogen 3
Meadow Park Care Centre	Respiratory	Apr 4, 2020	facility		COVID-19		
Kensington Village	Respiratory	Apr 3, 2020	2nd floor		COVID-19		
Chelsey Park	Respiratory	Apr 2, 2020	Facility		COVID-19		
Seasons Strathroy	Respiratory	Apr 1, 2020	facility		COVID-19		
Grandwood Park	Respiratory	Mar 31, 2020	Facility		COVID-19		
Henley Place LTC Residence	Respiratory	Mar 28, 2020	Facility		COVID-19		
Maple View Terrace	Respiratory	Mar 25, 2020	facility		Influenza B		
Chelsey Park Retirement Community	Respiratory	Mar 22, 2020	facility				
Amica & Company Retirement	Respiratory	Mar 22, 2020	facility				
Country Terrace	Enteric	Mar 19, 2020	Facility				
McGarrell Place	Respiratory	Mar 13, 2020	harris house		Rhinovirus		

## Declared Over

Premise	Type of Outbreak	Date Declared	Affected Area(s)	Date Resolved	Pathogen 1	Pathogen 2	Pathogen 3
Parkwood Institute Main Building	Respiratory	Mar 19, 2020	3 Kent-Essex	Apr 3, 2020	None identified		
Peoplecare Oak Crossing	Respiratory	Feb 27, 2020	White Pine, Norway Spruce	Apr 3, 2020	RSV	Human metapneumovirus	
Dearness Home	Respiratory	Mar 22, 2020	3E	Apr 2, 2020	Influenza A	Coronavirus (not COVID-19)	
Extendicare	Enteric	Mar 11, 2020	1st and 2nd floors	Apr 1, 2020	Norovirus		
McGarrell Place	Respiratory	Mar 23, 2020	Windermere Way	Mar 31, 2020	Coronavirus (not COVID-19)		
Parkwood Institute Main Building	Respiratory	Mar 19, 2020	2 Perth	Mar 31, 2020	None identified		

## Declared Over

Premise	Type of Outbreak	Date Declared	Affected Area(s)	Date Resolved	Pathogen 1	Pathogen 2	Pathogen 3
Chelsey Park	Respiratory	Mar 15, 2020	3rd,4th, 5th floors	Mar 31, 2020	Human metapneumovirus	RSV	

This information is to be used as a guide and is intended to help you prevent infections and outbreaks in your facility. The decision regarding who can work at a facility rests with that facility, but should take into account the need for adequate staffing levels and the risk of infection from staff working at multiple facilities. For more information please visit <https://www.healthunit.com/outbreak-resources>

### Enteric Outbreaks

- Staff members/volunteers from facilities in outbreak should not work at your facility until at least 48 hours have elapsed since they last worked at the affected facility. This period can be modified if the causative agent is known.
- Staff members/volunteers who are experiencing gastrointestinal illness should not work at any facility until they have been symptom-free for at least 48 hours. Good hand hygiene should be reinforced with returning staff members/volunteers.
- Staff should change to a clean uniform between facilities and before leaving the affected facility.

**(Source: Control of Gastroenteritis Outbreaks in Long-Term Care Homes: A Guide for Long-Term Care Homes and Public Health Unit Staff, 2013).** <https://www.healthunit.com/outbreak-resources>

### *Clostridium difficile* Outbreaks

- Provided that all required infection control practices are in place, staff can work at both affected and unaffected facilities without restrictions.

Residents/patients with suspected or confirmed *Clostridium difficile*-associated diarrhea (CDAD) can be transferred within the health care system; however, the receiving facility must be notified and be able to comply with the recommended infection control precautions. *Clostridium difficile* is suspected in a resident/patient who develops diarrhea and has been in a facility experiencing a *Clostridium difficile* outbreak. Initiate Isolation rapidly and stool samples should be collected. **(Source: Annex C: Testing, Surveillance and Management of Clostridium difficile In All Health Care Settings, January 2013).**

<https://www.healthunit.com/outbreak-resources>

### Respiratory Outbreaks (non-influenza)

- Staff members/volunteers from facilities in outbreak should not work at your facility until at least 72 hours have elapsed since they last worked at the affected facility. For outbreaks attributable to Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV), Parainfluenza virus, Human metapneumovirus, and Adenovirus consider lengthening this time period to 5 days. Staff members/volunteers who are experiencing respiratory symptoms should not work at any facility until 5 days from onset of symptoms or until symptoms have resolved. For outbreaks attributable to RSV, lengthen this time period to 8 days. Good hand hygiene should be reinforced with returning staff members/volunteers. **(Source: A Guide to the Control of Respiratory Infection Outbreak in Long-Term Care Homes, Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care, November, 2015).** [http://www.health.gov.on.ca/en/pro/programs/publichealth/flu/docs/resp\\_infectn\\_ctrl\\_guide\\_ltc\\_2015\\_en.pdf](http://www.health.gov.on.ca/en/pro/programs/publichealth/flu/docs/resp_infectn_ctrl_guide_ltc_2015_en.pdf)

### Influenza Outbreaks

- The Health Unit recommends that you ask non-immunized staff/volunteers who are from facilities in outbreak, and who are not on an appropriate antiviral drug, to refrain from working at your facility until it has been at least 72 hours since they last worked at the affected facility.
- Staff members/volunteers who are experiencing respiratory/ influenza symptoms should not work at any facility until 5 days from onset of symptoms or until symptoms have resolved, whichever time period is shorter. Good hand hygiene should be reinforced with returning staff members/volunteers. **(Source: A Guide to the Control of Respiratory Infection Outbreak in Long-Term Care Homes, Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care, November, 2015).** [http://www.health.gov.on.ca/en/pro/programs/publichealth/flu/docs/resp\\_infectn\\_ctrl\\_guide\\_ltc\\_2015\\_en.pdf](http://www.health.gov.on.ca/en/pro/programs/publichealth/flu/docs/resp_infectn_ctrl_guide_ltc_2015_en.pdf)